1. Official name of the source and its English translation	Protocoale parohiale (RO) – Egyházi anyakönyvek
2. Purpose of the source:	(HU) – Parish Registers
2.a. Why was this source created?	Church registers of baptisms, betrothals, marriages, deaths, etc. have been created in order for the Church, and later on the State, to have a clear statistical image of the population movement in specific countries or regions.
2.b. Who created it?	The Church. In Transylvania, these registers have been created by the following denominations: Orthodoxies, Armenian Orthodoxies, Greek- Catholics, Catholics, Armenian Catholics, Calvinists, Lutherans, Unitarians, and Jews.
3. Scope: What group of the population was documented in this source?	The entire population
4. Time period: When the information of the sources was recorded?Please indicate the start and the end date.	The oldest preserved registers date back to 1614. The bulk of the parish registers was created starting with late 1700s. From 1895 on civil registration was instated, but the recordings in the parish registers continue up to this day. HPDT uses mainly information from the time period 1850-1914.
5. Geographical area: What territory is covered by the source?	The territory of the former Great Principality of Transylvania before 1867, covered by today counties of Brașov, Sibiu, Hunedoara, Alba, Covasna, Harghita, Mureș, Bistrița-Năsăud, Cluj, Sălaj.
6. Content: What was recorded?	The registers recorded baptisms, betrothals, marriages, deaths, changes in faith, blessings, and vaccination. The information about individuals varies greatly across the sources, from basic onomastics (name, surname, and nickname) to age, sex, place of birth and residence, legitimacy at birth, denomination and occupation.
7. Language of written material : original sources and documentation	The languages of the written sources are: Romanian, Hungarian, German, Latin, and Hebrew. The documentation is developed in Romanian and English.
8. Preservation and storage:	
8.a. Completely preserved8.b. Partially destroyed by personnel according to systematic criteria	
8.c. Partially destroyed or damaged for other reasons	YES. The main reason for which these sources have been destroyed over time is related to the negligence of the Church personnel and archive personnel
8.d. Reorganized by producer of the source	
8.e. Reorganized by record linkage procedures	
8.f. Where the original records are stored (name of the archive or institution)?	The original records are stored at the County Archives Services in Transylvania (Braşov, Sibiu, Hunedoara, Alba, Covasna, Harghita, Mureş, Bistriţa-Năsăud, Cluj, and Sălaj). Some records are being preserved, up to this

	day, at the parishes.
9. Documentation:	
9.a. Completely documented and accessible by:	
9.b. Partially documented and accessible by:	
9.c. No documentation, but accessible by:	No documentation, but accessible at the County
	Archives from Transylvania.